

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2019



SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors Superstition Fire & Medical District, Apache Junction, Arizona

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the remaining fund information of Superstition Fire & Medical District, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Superstition Fire & Medical District, Arizona's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Superstition Fire & Medical District, Arizona, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Superstition Fire & Medical District, Arizona's basic financial statements. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and is derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 6, 2020 on our consideration of the Superstition Fire & Medical District, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Superstition Fire & Medical District, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Tempe, Arizona January 6, 2020

Henry + Home LDP



Superstition Fire & Medical District

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

The Superstition Fire & Medical District Management's Discussion and Analysis report represents management's overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year (FY) that ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements which begin immediately following this analysis. This Annual Financial Report consists of two parts, Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section) and the Basic Financial Statements.

Nature of Operations

The Superstition Fire & Medical District ("SFMD" or the "District") provides fire, rescue, prevention and emergency medical services to homes, property, and persons residing within the District's boundaries, as well as services to locations and persons outside the District through automatic aid agreements and contracts.

SFMD also provides primary Advanced Life Support ("ALS") and primary Basic Life Support ("BLS") ground transport services to patients within the District and as requested within its automatic aid territory. As a result, SFMD can retain the care of its patients all the way to the emergency room with the overall intent of improving patient outcomes and providing its District customers with the highest quality service possible.

Results of Operations

Fire Suppression. During the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2019, the District's Fire Suppression division handled 9,620 Emergency Response calls, an increase of 3.0% over the previous fiscal year:

- 7,468 Rescue and Emergency Medical Service incidents
- 989 Service calls
- 725 Good Intent calls
- 305 Not Recorded calls
- 145 Fire calls
- 188 False Alarm / False calls
- 66 Hazardous Condition incidents (no fire)
- 20 Special incident type calls
- 5 Severe Weather
- 1 Overpressure/Rupture/Explosion calls

It is estimated that the Fire Suppression division saved \$24.8 million in property and content representing an 88% save ratio.

Average response time per emergent incident was 4 minutes, 13 seconds, a decrease of 9% over the previous year.

Ground Transport. During the FY ending June 30, 2019, the District's Ground Transport division handled 5,210 transports representing an average of 14 transports per day. This represents a 2.8% increase over the previous fiscal year.

- 4,426 Advanced Life Support (ALS) transports
- 784 Basic Life Support (BLS) transports
- 39,168 Billable miles

SFMD's ground transport division continues to far exceed Code 3 ambulance response time compliance rates set by the Arizona Department of Health Services.

State Land / Wild Land Deployments. During FY 2018 / 2019, the District served on 17 major wildland fire deployments involving 8,492 man-hours that generated \$650,501 in reimbursement from the state of Arizona.

- o 2018 CNF OSC Support fire
 - Deployment to California involving 1,180 man-hours
- Skyline fire
 - Deployment to California involving 548 man-hours
- Pasquel fire
 - Deployment to California involving 789 man-hours
- o 2018 SHF Support fire
 - Deployment to California involving 1,638 man-hours
- o 2018 SQF Cover fire
 - Deployment to California involving 2,573 man-hours
- o Bruno fire
 - Deployment to Arizona involving 79 man-hours
- 2018 NV-EIC GACC Support fire
 - Deployment to Nevada involving 23 man-hours
- Gilbert WA-OWF fire
 - Deployment to Washington involving 153 man-hours
- o Crescent Mountain WA-OWF fire
 - Deployment to Washington involving 554 man-hours.
- o Klondike OR-RSF fire
 - Deployment to Oregon involving 454 man-hours
- o Ryan WY-MRF fire
 - Deployment to Wyoming involving 801 man-hours
- Woosley CA fire
 - Deployment to California involving 708 man-hours
- o White Wing AZ-A4S fire
 - Deployment within Arizona involving 193 man-hours
- o Bylas AZ-SCA fire
 - Deployment within California involving 652 man-hours
- Woodbury AZ fire
 - Deployment within Arizona involving 1,106 man-hours
- GAP AZ fire
 - Deployment within Arizona involving 138 man-hours

Operational Training. SFMD's training hours by category during FY 2018 / 2019 were:

15,388 Fire Operations training 5,203 Health & Fitness 0 Administrative training 2.905 0 Driver / Operator training 2,503 0 2,441 Rescue and EMS training 1.265 Wild Land Firefighting training 0 Prevention / Fire Education training 1,160 0 Technical Rescue (TRT) training 889 0 545 Hazardous Material Handling training

Community Training. Tina Gerola, SFMD's Community Risk Reduction Specialist, conducted the following community-based services during FY 2018 / 2019:

- Trained 1,871 community members on how to perform the Hands-Only Cardio Cerebral Resuscitation (CCR) life-saving technique.
- o Conducted 33 School Pub-Ed classes to instruct 1,820 Pre-K through 5th grade students on Arizona Burn Foundation accredited burn prevention techniques.
- Conducted 4 School Pub-Ed classes to instruct 340 6th grade students on Hands Only CCR techniques.
- Conducted 245 Automated External Defibrillator (AED) inspections.
- Placed 58 free child safety seats.
- o Attended 75 community events, fairs, festivals, and city meetings.
- o Made 25 Fire & Life Safety presentations at community centers.
- Performed 468 business inspections.
- Placed 550 smoke alarms, 60 CO2 detectors, 220 home grab bars, 185 night lights, and 20 slip proof home safety mats in community residences.
- Facilitated 7 fire station tours.

Cardiac Arrest Survival Rate. The District's cardiac arrest survival rate (ventricular fibrillation) was 30% during FY 2018 / 2019, compared to the Arizona statewide survival rate of 10.5%.

Staffing for Adequate Fire & Emergency Response (SAFER) Grant. In FY 2018 / 2019, SFMD was awarded a three-year SAFER grant with a total value of \$1,159,829. This grant covered 75% of the wages and benefits of seven (7) new hire firefighters in years 1 and 2, and 35% of the wages and benefits in year 3.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) fund financial statements, 2) government-wide financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. The main purpose of these statements is to provide the reader with sufficient information to assess whether or not the District's overall financial position has improved or deteriorated.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as the net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

Condensed Statement of Net Position

		2019	2018
Current and other assets		\$ 5,041,672	\$ 4,426,508
Capital assets		13,172,039	13,665,204
	Total assets	18,213,711	18,091,712
Deferred outflows of resources		7,275,077	8,378,656
Other liabilities		1,953,017	1,961,504
Long-term liabilities outstanding		29,518,744	27,796,356
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	Total liabilities	31,471,761	29,757,860
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Deferred inflows of resources		1,544,065	2,515,140
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets		6,345,031	6,142,453
Restricted		335,275	295,016
Unrestricted		(14,207,344)	(12,240,101)
	Total net position	\$ (7,527,038)	\$ (5,802,632)

The statement of changes in net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Factors Affecting Future Results

The District remains subject to general economic conditions affecting property tax values. In recent years, the net assessed valuation (NAV) of properties within the District has decreased dramatically, with the NAV for FY 2018 / 2019 down approximately 36% from the highest values experienced in FY 2008 / 2009.

Condensed Statement of Changes in Net Position

		2019		2018
Program revenues	•		•	0.450.405
Charges for services	\$	4,376,867	\$	3,452,425
Capital / Operating grants and contributions General revenues		122,121		110,924
Taxes		14,347,791		13,876,984
Centrally assessed taxes		392,066		377,094
Insurance premiums		121,709		119,772
County Aid		400,000		400,000
Investment and other income		91,566		65,160
invocation and care moonie		01,000	-	00,100
Total revenues	\$	19,852,120	\$	18,402,359
Program expenses				
Administration	\$	1,754,244	\$	1,977,260
Technical Services	*	735,376	*	566,845
Communication Services		181,620		187,707
Emergency Services		14,482,758		12,105,256
Community Services		142,365		182,800
Interest on debt/debt issuance costs		288,074		325,937
Transport Services		3,994,765		4,141,291
Total expenses	\$	21,579,202	\$	19,487,096
Change in net position	\$	(1,727,082)	\$	(1,084,737)
Net position - beginning of year		(5,802,632)		(4,629,675)
Restatement		2,676		(88,220)
Net position - beginning of year restated		(5,799,956)		(4,717,895)
Net position - end of year	\$	(7,527,038)	\$	(5,802,632)

Recent legislative changes have and will continue to provide challenges for the District even in periods of rising property values. Proposition 117, passed by the Arizona legislature in November 2012, limits the annual increase of real property used to calculate property taxes to 5.0% over the prior year's value, and mandates that property taxes be levied on the lower of the limited property value (LPV) or full cash value (FCV). However, the District's **average** increase in NAV since the implementation of Proposition 117 in FY 2014 / 2015 has been approximately 3.57%, far below the maximum of 5.0%. So the impact of Proposition 117 on the District has been, and continues to be, significant.

However, recent home values and home sales have shown signs of improvement. For example, the NAV for FY 2019 / 2020 increased 5.26% over the previous fiscal year. The fact that the NAV increased more than 5.0% which is the maximum allowed by Proposition 117 on existing home means that the District is experiencing new residential and/or business growth, such as the new Frys Marketplace that recently opened in Apache Junction.

It is important to remember that the NAV lags approximately 36 months, so the NAV for the FY 2019 / 2020 will reflect assessed home values in the 2016 / 2017 period.

The District continues to aggressively manage costs in all areas to effectively manage the consequences of Proposition 117 to operate within a balanced budget as mandated by Arizona statute while providing the highest quality fire, emergency medical services, and ground transport services to the residents of the District and surrounding communities.

Contacting the District

This financial report is designed to provide information for anyone with an interest in an overview of the District's finances. Any questions regarding this report or requests for additional information may be directed to the Superstition Fire & Medical District at 565 North Idaho Road in Apache Junction, Arizona 85119-4014.





SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	Primary Government Governmental Business-type			
	Governmental	-		
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,456,833	\$ 126,538	\$ 2,583,371	
Receivables (net of no allowance for uncollectibles)	702,538	1,169,669	1,872,207	
Prepaids	46,152	8,912	55,064	
Inventory	-, -	72,180	72,180	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	283,684	-	283,684	
Internal balances	3,373,469	(3,373,469)	-	
Investment in joint venture	168,249	-	168,249	
Net OPEB asset	3,952	2,965	6,917	
Capital assets				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,241,806		1,241,806	
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	10,683,377	1,246,856	11,930,233	
Total assets	18,960,060	(746,349)	18,213,711	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB	6,517,894	757,183	7,275,077	
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	47,066	7,378	54,444	
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	288,447	41,077	329,524	
Current portion of:	·	,	ŕ	
Lease payable	99,786	146,342	246,128	
Compensated absences	723,632	43,289	766,921	
Bonds payable	556,000	-	556,000	
Long-term portion of:				
Lease payable	717,248	801,210	1,518,458	
Compensated absences	1,844,272	82,171	1,926,443	
Bonds payable	4,360,000	-	4,360,000	
Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	19,276,368 40,866	2,389,472 7,137	21,665,840	
Total liabilities	27,953,685	3,518,076	48,003 31,471,761	
Total liabilities	21,933,003	3,310,070	31,471,701	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflow of resources for deferred gain on refunding	146,422	-	146,422	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB	1,155,281	242,362	1,397,643	
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,301,703	242,362	1,544,065	
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	6,045,727	299,304	6,345,031	
Restricted for:				
Debt service	286,837	-	286,837	
Grants	48,438	- (4.015.55=)	48,438	
Unrestricted	(10,158,436)	(4,048,908)	(14,207,344)	
Total net position	\$ (3,777,434)	\$ (3,749,604)	\$ (7,527,038)	

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net (Expense) Revenue and

		Program Revenues					n Net Position			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	O _l Gra	perating ants and atributions	Gr	Capital ants and atributions	Governmental Activities	Bu	isiness-type Activities	Total
Primary government Governmental activities Administration Technical services Communication services Emergency services Community services Interest on debt	\$ 1,754,244 735,376 181,620 14,482,758 142,365 288,074	\$ - - - 870,917 2,459	\$	- - - - - 86,121	\$	35,500 - - 500 -	\$ (1,718,744) (735,376) (181,620) (13,611,341) (53,785) (288,074)	\$	- - - - -	\$ (1,718,744) (735,376) (181,620) (13,611,341) (53,785) (288,074)
Total governmental activities	17,584,437	873,376		86,121		36,000	 (16,588,940)			 (16,588,940)
Business-type activities: Transport services	3,994,765	3,503,491							(491,274)	(491,274)
Total primary government	\$ 21,579,202	\$ 4,376,867	\$	86,121	\$	36,000	(16,588,940)		(491,274)	 (17,080,214)
	General revenue Property taxes Centrally asse Insurance prer County aid Investment ear Other income Transfers in (out	ssed taxes niums rnings					14,347,791 392,066 121,709 400,000 74,243 12,674 889,125		- - - 3,714 935 (889,125)	14,347,791 392,066 121,709 400,000 77,957 13,609
	Total gene	eral revenues a	nd tra	nsfers			16,237,608		(884,476)	 15,353,132
	Chang	e in net positior	า				(351,332)		(1,375,750)	 (1,727,082)
	Net position-beg Restatement	inning					(3,425,598) (504)		(2,377,034) 3,180	 (5,802,632) 2,676
	Net position-beg	inning of year r	estate	ed			 (3,426,102)		(2,373,854)	(5,799,956)
	Net position-end	ing					\$ (3,777,434)	\$	(3,749,604)	\$ (7,527,038)

See accompanying notes 13

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

				Total
ASSETS	General	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Funds	Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,694,851	\$ 713,544	\$ 48,438	\$ 2,456,833
Receivables				
Property taxes	384,108	21,455	23,063	428,626
Accounts receivable Due from other funds	273,912 1,849,222	- 1,524,247	-	273,912 3,373,469
Prepaids	46,152	1,524,247	- -	46,152
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-		283,684	283,684
Total assets	4,248,245	2,259,246	355,185	6,862,676
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	47,066	-	-	47,066
Accrued wages and benefits	288,447			288,447
Total liabilities	335,513			335,513
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred revenue	373,657	17,123	19,910	410,690
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable Restricted	1,895,374	1,524,247	-	3,419,621
Debt retirement	-	-	286,837	286,837
Grants	-	-	48,438	48,438
Assigned - capital projects	-	717,876	-	717,876
Unassigned	1,643,701			1,643,701
Total fund balances	3,539,075	2,242,123	335,275	6,116,473
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 4,248,245	\$ 2,259,246	\$ 355,185	\$ 6,862,676

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

Fund balance - total governmental funds balance sheet		\$ 6,116,473
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Investment in joint venture		168,249
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	\$ 26,939,003 (15,013,820)	11,925,183
Deferred revenue is shown on the governmental funds, but is not deferred on the statement of net position		410,690
Some liabilities, including net pension liabilities, capital leases, loans payable, and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Lease payable Net OPEB asset Net pension liability	(817,034) 3,952 (19,276,368)	
Net OPEB liability Compensated absences Deferred gain on bond refunding Bonds payable	(40,866) (2,567,904) (146,422) (4,916,000)	(27,760,642)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	6,517,894 (1,155,281)	5,362,613
Net position of governmental activities - statement of net position		\$ (3,777,434)

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Total
		Capital	Non-Major	Governmental
REVENUES	General	Projects Fund	Funds	Funds
Taxes	\$ 12,609,434	996,752	\$ 697,520	\$ 14,303,706
Centrally assessed taxes	371,492	-	20,574	392,066
Insurance premiums	121,709	-	-	121,709
County aid	400,000	-	-	400,000
Charges for services	873,376	-	-	873,376
Grants	102,222	-	36,000	138,222
Interest revenues	40,307	14,202	19,734	74,243
Other income	2,694		9,980	12,674
Total revenues	14,521,234	1,010,954	783,808	16,315,996
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Administration	1,841,653	17	12	1,841,682
Technical services	722,177	-	-	722,177
Communication services	181,620	-	-	181,620
Emergency services	10,812,433	-	-	10,812,433
Community services	93,951	-	-	93,951
Capital outlay	-	1,181,177	48,414	1,229,591
Debt service				
Principal	-	96,415	554,256	650,671
Interest and fiscal charges	-	31,939	161,450	193,389
Debt issuance costs		·	95,417	95,417
Total expenditures	13,651,834	1,309,548	859,549	15,820,931
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	869,400	(298,594)	(75,741)	495,065
over (diraci) experiancies	200,100	(200,001)	(10,11)	100,000
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND (USES)				
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(5,355,000)	(5,355,000)
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	5,471,000	5,471,000
Total other financing sources and uses	_		116,000	116,000
Net change in fund balances	869,400	(298,594)	40,259	611,065
Fund balances - beginning of year	2,669,675	2,540,717	295,016	5,505,408
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 3,539,075	\$ 2,242,123	\$ 335,275	\$ 6,116,473

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 611,065
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Equity interest reported at cost for the investment in the City of Mesa joint venture		6,051
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Expenditures for capital assets Less current year depreciation	\$ 872,678 (1,256,171)	(383,493)
Pension and OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net position liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities. Transfers of pension and OPEB liabilities between enterprise and governmental activities Pension and OPEB contributions	889,125 2,026,971	
Pension and OPEB contributions Pension and OPEB expense	(3,763,242)	(847,146)
Revenues received in the current year that were accrued in the statement of activities in prior years Property taxes		27,984
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to the governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Activities.		(5,471,000)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Amortization Leases payable Notes payable Bonds payable	18,303 96,415 5,355,000 555,000	6,024,718
Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(240 544)
Change in net position of governmental activities		(319,511) \$ (351,332)
		- (-3.,002)

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION-PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2019

ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables, net of uncollectibles Prepaid expenses	Transport Services \$ 126,538 1,169,669 8,912
Inventory	72,180
Total current assets	1,377,299
Noncurrent assets: Net OPEB asset Capital assets:	2,965
Vehicles, net of depreciation	1,246,856
Total capital assets, net	1,246,856
Total noncurrent assets	1,249,821
Total assets	2,627,120
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	757 400
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB	757,183
Total deferred outflows of resources	757,183
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages and benefits Due to other funds Capital leases Compensated absences	7,378 41,077 3,373,469 146,342 43,289
Total current liabilities	3,611,555
Noncurrent liabilities: Capital leases Compensated absences Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	801,210 82,171 7,137 2,389,472
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,279,990
Total liabilities	6,891,545
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB	242,362
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	299,304 (4,048,908)
Total net position	\$ (3,749,604)

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION-PROPRIETARY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Transport Services
Operating revenues: Charges for services Other	\$ 3,503,491 4,649
Total operating revenues	3,508,140
Operating expenses: Transport General and administrative Depreciation	2,449,483 1,435,610 109,672
Total operating expenses	3,994,765
Operating income (loss) before contributions	(486,625)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	(889,125)
Change in net position	(1,375,750)
Net position, beginning of year Restatement	(2,377,034) 3,180
Net position-beginning of year restated	(2,373,854)
Net position, end of year	\$ (3,749,604)

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Transport Services
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,690,098
Payments to vendors Payments for employees	(898,285) (1,719,660)
Payments to other funds	915,480
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	987,633
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers to/from other funds	(889,125)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments for capital lease	(142,025)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(43,517)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	170,055
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 126,538

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS-PROPRIETARY FUND Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Fransport Services
Reconciliation of operating income		
(loss) to net cash provided (used)		
by operating activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	(486,625)
Adjustments to reconcile operating	φ	(400,023)
income (loss) to net cash provided		
(used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation expense		109,672
(Increase) decrease in:		,-
Accounts receivable		(818,042)
Prepaid expenses		(971)
Inventory		(1,077)
Net OPEB asset		1,876
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB		(435,495)
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable		(9,895)
Accrued wages		9,305
Compensated absences		17,489
Due to other funds		915,480
Net OPEB liability		4,421
Net pension liability		1,480,074
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB		201,421
Total adjustments		1,474,258
Net cash provided (used) by		
operating activities	\$	987,633

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and procedures of the Superstition Fire & Medical District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Superstition Fire & Medical District (the District) was organized in 1955 pursuant to Title 48 of the Arizona Revised State Statutes (ARS) and is operated as a special purpose local government that is governed by an elected governing body.

Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The basic, but not only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The District does not currently have any potential component units.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these financial statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, state shared revenues, investment income and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Special assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which the related capital projects are substantially complete. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

User fees, licenses and permits, charges for services, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. The District has three nonmajor funds for June 30, 2019.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – This fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Capital Project Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for funds received and expended for the construction of buildings and improvements as well as for the acquisition of apparatus and major equipment for use by the District.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

<u>Transport Services Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for funds received and expended for ambulance services as well as for the acquisition of major equipment.

D. Budgeting and Budgetary Control

The District Board formally adopts an annual budget for all operating funds which is submitted to the county treasurer and county board of supervisors. The budgets are adopted by the District on a basis consistent with ARS 48-807. This basis allows the District Board or Fire Chief to alter the budget within the total expenditure allocation as needed during the year. The District management generally cannot exceed the total expenditure budget.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash represents amounts in demand deposits and amounts held in trust by financial institutions. The funds held in trust are available to the District upon demand. Cash equivalents are defined as short-term (original maturities of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are 1) readily convertible to known amounts of cash and 2) so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates.

F. Investments

The District reports all investments at fair value in the statement of net position.

G. Restricted Cash

Certain proceeds of the District's long-term debt, as well as certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate deposit accounts and their use is limited by applicable debt covenants.

H. Inventory

Purchases of inventory items are recorded at the time of purchase (purchases method) as expenditures in the funds from which the purchases were made.

I. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of the interfund loans).

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I. Receivables and Payables (Continued)

Property taxes are levied by the District and collected by the Pinal County and Maricopa County Treasurers. Property taxes are levied no later than the third Monday in August and are payable in two installments due October 1 of the current year and March 1 of the subsequent year. Taxes become delinquent after the first business day of November and May, respectively. Interest attaches on installments after the delinquent date. Pursuant to A.R.S., a lien against assessed real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy; however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise. The District also levies various personal property taxes during the year which are due at the same time as real property taxes.

The business-type receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The amount of the estimated uncollectible business-type receivables at June 30, 2019 was \$1,066,409, which represents 47.8% of the current business-type receivables balance.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and related improvements, equipment, vehicles, furniture and construction in progress, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life equal to or exceeding two years. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets for governmental activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Estimated useful lives for capital assets were determined based upon lives commonly used by other Arizona governmental agencies and various industry standards. Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	2 7.5 - 4 0
Equipment	7
Fire Trucks	10
Automobiles	5
Office Equipment	5

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Fund Balances

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in Nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District Board. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the District Board.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board or any official or body to which the District Board delegates authority may assign amounts for specific purposes.

<u>Unassigned</u> – All other spendable amounts.

The District would typically use Restricted fund balances first, followed by Committed resources, and then Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend Unassigned resources first to defer the use of these other classified funds.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Compensated Absences

The District's employee vacation and sick leave policies provide for granting vacation and sick leave with pay. Sick leave and vacation benefits accrue at the employee's current rate of pay. The current and long-term liabilities for accumulated vacation and sick leave are reported on the government-wide financial statements. Hours earned in excess of the annual allowable accumulations are paid out on the final paycheck of the fiscal year when approved by the Board. Any sick leave accrued amounts are paid at the maximum rate of sixty percent upon retirement and no payment upon resignation or termination. Accrued vacation is paid at one hundred percent, regardless of the nature of departure. A liability for these amounts is reported in government funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation or retirement. Resources from the General Fund and the Transport Fund are generally used to liquidate the governmental funds, and business type liabilities, respectively, for compensated absences.

M. Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the Statement of Activities. Interfund transfers in the fund statements are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds.

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

P. Pensions and OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Q. Proprietary Funds Operating and Non-operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

R. Excess of Expenditures over Budget

At June 30, 2019, the District had expenditures in the capital projects, and debt service funds that exceeded the budget by \$447,459, and \$4,888,861, respectively; however, this does not constitute a violation of any legal provisions.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, an entity will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's deposits totaled \$2,867,055 and the amount on deposit with the Pinal County Treasurer's Office was \$2,946,001. These deposits are covered by Federal Depository Insurance or collateralized by securities, as required by law.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities is as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases / Transfers	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,241,806	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,241,806
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings, infrastructure	ψ 1,241,000	Ψ -	Ψ -	ψ 1,241,000
and improvements	12,830,460	24,580	-	12,855,040
Vehicles and apparatus	8,749,717	761,529	-	9,511,246
Furniture and equipment	3,244,343	86,569		3,330,912
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	24,824,520	872,678		25,697,198
Buildings and improvements	(6,737,762)	(537,812)	-	(7,275,574)
Vehicles and apparatus	(5,068,266)	(415,701)	-	(5,483,967)
Furniture and equipment	(1,951,622)	(302,658)		(2,254,280)
Total accumulated depreciation	(13,757,650)	(1,256,171)	-	(15,013,821)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	11,066,870	(383,493)		10,683,377
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 12,308,676	\$ (383,493)	\$ -	\$ 11,925,183
Business-type Activities: Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Vehicles and apparatus Furniture and equipment	\$ 1,592,245 68,776	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 1,592,245 68,776
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,661,021			1,661,021
Less accumulated depreciation for: Vehicles and apparatus Furniture and equipment	(263,621) (40,872)	(102,816) (6,856)	-	(366,437) (47,728)
Total accumulated depreciation	(304,493)	(109,672)		(414,165)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net Business-Type activities	1,356,528	(109,672)	-	1,246,856
capital assets, net	\$ 1,356,528	\$ (109,672)	\$ -	\$ 1,246,856

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the various departments in the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Administrative	\$ 91,183
Technical Services	13,199
Emergency Services	1,151,789
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,256,171

The depreciation expense for business-type activities was \$109,672.

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District contributes to the plans described below. The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and	G	overnmental	Ві	usiness-type		
Statement of Activities		Activities		Activities	Total	
Net Pension Liability	\$	19,276,368	\$	2,389,472	\$	21,665,840
Net OPEB asset		3,952		2,965		6,917
Net OPEB liability		40,866		7,137		48,003
Deferred outflow of resources		6,517,894		757,183		7,275,077
Deferred inflow of resources		1,155,281		242,362		1,397,643
Pension and OPEB expense		3,747,880		587,909		4,335,789

The District reported \$2,262,828 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all pension plans to which it contributes.

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – District employees not covered by the other pension plan described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its Web site at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits Provided - The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

ASRS	Retirement Initial membership date:			
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011		
Years of service and	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55		
age required to receive benefit	10 years age 62	25 years age 60		
benefit	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62		
	and years age 65	5 years age 50*		
		any years age 65		
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 120 months	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 120 months		
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%		

^{*}with actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued) – Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions - In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2019, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.8 percent (11.64 percent for retirement and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 11.8 percent (11.18 percent for retirement, 0.46 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.16 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. The District's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$236,377, \$9,726, and \$3,383, respectively.

During fiscal year 2019, the District paid 34 percent of ASRS contributions from the General Fund and 66 percent from the Transport Services Fund.

Liability - At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

ASRS		Net
	pe	nsion/OPEB
	_(As	sset) Liability
Pension	\$	2,628,912
Health insurance premium benefit		(6,917)
Long-term disability		9,870

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Liability (Continued) - The net asset and liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018. The total asset and liabilities used to calculate the net asset and liabilities was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total asset and liabilities from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, to the measurement date of June 30, 2018. The total asset and liabilities as of June 30, 2018, reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016, including decreasing the discount rate from 8 percent to 7.5 percent, changing the projected salary increases from 3-6.75 percent to 2.7-7.2 percent, decreasing the inflation rate from 3 percent to 2.3 percent, and changing the mortality rates.

The District's proportion of the net liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018. The District's proportion measured as of June 30, 2018, and the change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017, were:

ASRS	Proportion June 30, 2018	Increase (decrease) from June 30, 2017
Pension	0.0188%	0.0012%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.0192%	0.0013%
Long-term disability	0.0189%	0.0031%

Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension and OPEB expense for ASRS of \$711,812 and \$10,591, respectively. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

ASRS			Health In	surance		
	Pen	sion	Premium	n Benefit	Long-term	Disability
	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$ 72,424	\$ 14,493	\$ -	\$ 6,384	\$ 252	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	69,566	233,089	13,340	-	2,138	-
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments	-	63,219	-	13,758	-	956
Changes in proportion and differences						
between District contributions and						
proportionate share of contributions	390,330	-	-	8	415	-
District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date	236,377		9,726		3,383	
Total	\$ 768,697	\$ 310,801	\$ 23,066	\$ 20,150	\$ 6,188	\$ 956

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued) - The \$236,377 and \$13,109 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pension and OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date, respectively, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB will be recognized in expenses as follows:

Year ending June 30	1	Pension	n Insurance ium Benefit	ng-term isability
2020	\$	314,589	\$ (2,667)	\$ 87
2021	\$	31,180	\$ (2,667)	\$ 87
2022		(95,899)	(2,666)	87
2023		(28,351)	279	343
2024		-	911	390
Thereafter		-	_	855

Actuarial Assumptions - The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

ASRS	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial roll forward date	June 20, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.5%
Projected salary increases	2.7 - 7.2% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health
	insurance premium benefit
Recovery rates	2012 GLDT for long-term disability
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not Applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued) - The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.5 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

ASRS		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equity	50%	5.50%
Fixed Income	30%	3.83%
Real estate	20%	5.85%
Total	100%	

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.5 percent, which was a decrease of 0.5 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of District's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

ASRS		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
District's proportionate share of the			
Net pension liability	\$ 3,747,574	\$ 2,628,912	\$1,694,287
Net insurance premium benefit liability (asset)	24,510	(6,917)	(33,687)
Net long-term disability liability	11,186	9,870	8,594

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Description – Fire service employees who are regularly assigned hazardous duty participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) or employees who became members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan and an agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan (agent plans). A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool) which are not further disclosed because of their relative insignificance to the District's financial statements.

The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that include their financial statements and required supplementary information. The reports are available on the PSPRS web site at www.psprs.com.

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Benefits Provided - The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

PSPRS	Before January 1, 2012	Initial membership date: On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017	On or after July 1, 2017
Retirement and			
Disability			
Years of service	20 years of service, any age	25 years of service or 15	15 years of credited service, age 52.5
and age required to	15 years of service, age 62	years of credited service,	15 or more years of service age 55
receive benefit		age 52.5	
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 60 consecutive months of last 15 years
Benefit percent			
Normal	50% less 2.0% for each year	1.5% to 2.5% per year of	credited service, not to exceed 80%
	years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for		
	each year of credited service		
	over 20 years, not to exceed 80%		
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% o	or normal retirement, whichever is	greater
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then	reduced to either 62.5% or norma	al retirement, whichever is greater
Ordinary Disability Retirement		ith actual years of credited service by years of credited service (not t	e or 20 years of credited service, to exceed 20 years) divided by 20
Survivor Benefits			
Retired Members	80% to	100% of retired member's pension	n benefit
Active Members		oility retirement benefit or 100% of was the result of injuries received of	average monthly compensation if on the job

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS
	Firefighter
Inactive employees or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	17
Inactive employees entitled to	
but not yet receiving benefits	13
Active employees	77
Total	107

Contributions and Annual OPEB Cost - State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2019, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

	PSPRS
	Firefighter
Active members - Pension	7.65%
District	
Pension	28.05%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.32%

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

In addition, statute required the District to contribute at the actuarially determined rate indicted below of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the District in positions that an employee who contributes to the PSPRS would typically fill and employees participating in the PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool and PSPDCRP members in addition to the District's required contributions to PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool and PSPDCRP.

PSPRS
Firefighter
14.12%
0.03%

The District's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2019, were:

		PSPRS
Pension	F	Firefighter
Contributions made to PSPRS	\$	1,957,309
Contributions made to PSPRS Tier 3 risk pool		33,324
Health Insurance Permium Benefit		
Annual OPEB cost contributions made to PSPRS		22,330
Annual OPEB cost contributions made to PSPRS Tier 3 risk pool		380

During fiscal year 2019, the District paid 96 percent of the PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions from the General Fund and 4 percent from the Transport Services Fund.

Liability - At June 30, 2019, the District reported a PSPRS net pension and OPEB liability of \$19,036,928 and \$38,135, respectively.

The net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

-	_	$\overline{}$
PS	Р	RS

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.40%
Wage inflation	3.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	RP-2014 tables using MP-2016 improvement scale with adjustments to match current experience.
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.4 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

PSPRS		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Short term investments	2%	0.25%
Risk Parity	4%	5.00%
Fixed income	5%	1.25%
Real assets	9%	4.52%
GTS	12%	3.96%
Private credit	16%	6.75%
Real estate	10%	3.75%
Private equity	12%	5.83%
Non-U.S. equity	14%	8.70%
U.S. equity	16%	7.60%
Total	100.00%	

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Discount Rates – At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS total pension liability was 7.4 percent, which was the same as the discount rate used as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the PSPRS discount rates assumed that plan members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

PSPRS - Firefighter	Ir	Pension acrease (Decreas	Health Insurance Premium Benefit Increase (Decrease)				
		Plan			Plan		
	Total	Fiduciary	Net	Total	Fiduciary	Net	
	Pension	Net	Pension	Pension	Net	Pension	
	Liability	Position	Liability	Liability	Position	Liability	
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$47,850,953	\$30,747,063	\$17,103,890	\$949,890	\$890,981	\$58,909	
Changes for the year:	· , , ,						
Service Cost	1,442,576	-	1,442,576	19,386	-	19,386	
Interest on the total pension liability	3,552,503	-	3,552,503	70,381	-	70,381	
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience in the							
measurement of the pension liability	561,965	-	561,965	(38,179)	-	(38,179)	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Contributions - employer	-	1,886,507	(1,886,507)	-	11,386	(11,386)	
Contributions - employee	-	650,638	(650,638)	-	-	-	
Net investment income	-	2,134,046	(2,134,046)	-	61,918	(61,918)	
Benefit payments, including refunds			-			-	
of employee contributions	(1,130,876)	(1,130,876)	-	(16,981)	(16,981)	-	
Hall/Parker settlement		(1,014,363)	1,014,363			-	
Administrative expense	-	(33,180)	33,180	-	(942)	942	
Other changes		358	(358)				
Net changes	4,426,168	2,493,130	1,933,038	34,607	55,381	(20,774)	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$52,277,121	\$33,240,193	\$19,036,928	\$984,497	\$946,362	\$38,135	

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's net pension liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.4 percent, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.4 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.4 percent) than the current rate:

PSPRS - Firefighter	Current							
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% increase			
		(6.40%)		(7.40%)		(8.40%)		
Net pension liability	\$	27,069,883	\$	19,036,928	\$	12,558,615		
Net OPEB (asset) liability		168,246		38,135		(69,626)		

Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

Expense - For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized \$3,769,036 and \$19,494 of PSPRS pension and OPEB expense, respectively.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PSPRS - Firefighter		Pen	sion		Health Insurance Premium Benefit				
	De	eferred	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred		
	Out	tflows of	- 1	nflows of	Out	flows of	In	flows of	
	Re	sources	Resources		Res	sources	s Resour		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1	1,074,719	\$	985,857	\$	1,064	\$	33,134	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	3	3,007,781		-		-		24,963	
Net difference between projected and actual									
earnings on pension plan investments	1	1,068,884		688,726		3,018		20,419	
District contributions subsequent to the									
measurement date	1	1,990,633				22,710		-	
Total	\$ 7	7,142,017	\$	1,674,583	\$	26,792	\$	78,516	

NOTE 4 PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as expense as follows:

	PSPRS - Firefighter						
Year ending June 30,	<u>F</u>	Pension					
2020	\$	934,292	\$	(14,567)			
2021		737,560		(14,567)			
2022		363,292		(14,567)			
2023		552,493		(7,762)			
2024		434,162		(8,515)			
Thereafter		455,002		(14,456)			

PSPDCRP plan - District's firefighters who are not members of PSPRS participate in the PSPDCRP. The PSPDCRP is a defined contribution pension plan. The PSPRS Board of Trustees governs the PSPDCRP according to the provision of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4.1. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, are established by State statute.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, active PSPDCRP members were required by statute to contribute at least 9 percent of the members' annual covered payroll, and the District was required by statute to contribute 9 percent of active members' annual covered payroll to an individual employee account. Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and the earnings on those contributions. Employees vest in a portion of the District's contributions each year as set forth in statute. The plan retains nonvested District contributions when forfeited because of employment terminations. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$77,114.

NOTE 5 LONG TERM DEBT

General Obligation Bonds

In July 2018, the district issued general obligation refunding bonds, Series 2018 with an interest rate of 2.83% to refund the higher rate 2006 Greater Arizona Development Authority (GADA) notes. The District realized net proceeds of \$5,373,594 after payment of \$95,417 in issuance costs, plus a \$1,989 bond debt service fund deposit. Interest at the rate of 2.83% is payable semiannually on January 1 and July 1. The bonds are being repaid by means of a secondary tax levied on all taxable property within the Superstition Fire & Medical District sufficient to pay principal, interest and administration costs. The funds are held in a separate County Treasurer account to be used for principal and interest payments. The original GADA notes were used to provide funds for construction and furnishings of new fire stations and training facilities, to expand and renovate existing fire stations and facilities, acquire interest in land for construction and expansion of facilities, to acquire firefighting, rescue and other life preserving equipment, and to pay all legal, engineering, architectural, accounting, financial consulting and other necessary costs in connection with these activities. The GADA notes are considered defeased, and related liabilities are not included in the District's financial statements. Details of the refunding transactions are as follows:

	Bond
	 Category
Amount of refunding bonds issued	\$ 5,471,000
Amount of notes refunded	5,373,594
Reduction in debt service payments	424,040

The annual debt service requirements for this debt are as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30,	Principal		Interest
2020	\$	556,000	\$ 139,123
2021		571,000	123,388
2022		586,000	107,229
2023		604,000	90,645
2024		622,000	73,552
2025-2027		1,977,000	113,030
Total	\$	4,916,000	\$ 646,966

NOTE 5 LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Capital Lease – The District entered into a lease agreement for capital purchases of vehicles in the governmental and business type activities. Such agreements are, in substance, purchases (capital leases) and are reported as capital lease obligations. The leases related to the governmental activity is payable in annual installments of \$128,354, including interest at 3.50%. The leases related to the business-type activity is payable in annual installments of \$175,148, including interest at 3.04%. The following schedule presents future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019:

	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-type	
Year Ending, June 30		Activities	Activities		
2020	\$	128,354	28,354 \$ 17		
2021		128,354		175,148	
2022		128,354		175,148	
2023		128,354		175,148	
2024		128,354		175,148	
2025-2026		298,962		175,148	
Total requirements		940,731		1,050,886	
Less interest		123,696		103,334	
Present value of remaining payments	\$	817,034	\$	947,552	

Vehicles and related accumulated depreciation under capital leases are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			usiness-type Activities
Asset Vehicles	\$	1,124,613	\$	1,551,365
Less accumulated depreciation		(201,164)		(360,344)
Net	\$	923,449	\$	1,191,021

NOTE 5 LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

Changes in long-term debt as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Beginning						Ending	[Due Within				
	 Balance	 Additions	Reductions		Reductions		Reductions		T	ansfers	 Balance		One Year
Governmental activities:													
Notes payable	\$ 5,355,000	\$ -	\$	(5,355,000)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-				
Refunding Series 2018 GO Bonds	-	5,471,000		(555,000)		-	4,916,000		556,000				
Deferred gain on refunding	164,725	-		(164,725)		-	-		-				
Capital leases	913,449	-		(96,415)		-	817,034		99,786				
Compensated absences	2,248,393	377,576		(58,065)		-	2,567,904		723,632				
Net pension liability	18,627,934	648,434		-		-	19,276,368		-				
Net OPEB liability	59,382	-		(18,516)		-	40,866						
Governmental activities													
long-term liabilities	\$ 27,368,883	\$ 6,497,010	\$	(6,247,721)	\$		\$ 27,618,172	\$	1,379,418				
	Beginning						Ending		Due Within				
	 Balance	 Additions	F	Reductions	Tı	ansfers	Balance		One Year				
Business-type activities:	 												
Capital lease	\$ 1,089,577	\$ -	\$	(142,025)	\$	-	\$ 947,552	\$	146,342				
Compensated absences	107,971	57,832		(40,343)		-	125,460		43,289				
Net pension liability	909,398	1,480,074		-		-	2,389,472		-				
Net OPEB liability	-	7,137		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	7,137						
Business-like activities													
long-term liabilities	\$ 2,106,946	\$ 1,545,043	\$	(182,368)	\$	-	\$ 3,469,621	\$	189,631				

NOTE 6 JOINT VENTURE

The District participates in a joint venture with five other governments for the operations and maintenance of a communications center. The City of Mesa operates the center which is funded by the participating members of the venture. Ownership of the center is distributed to the participants relative to their individual contributions. The District's equity interest in the venture for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 was \$168,249. The District retains equity ownership interest in the capital purchases. Upon resolution of the venture's governing board, members may be subject to a special assessment if the Board determines the special assessment is needed for disaster recovery or other reasons as stated in the governance agreement. Additional information on this joint venture may be obtained from the website at www.topazrwc.org.

NOTE 7 CREDIT LINE

The District has an approved line of credit for \$1.5 million with Wells Fargo Bank to ensure the District has sufficient short-term cash flow to cover operating expenses between the two peak times of the fiscal year when the District receives the bulk of their revenues (November 1 and May 1). The line of credit must be renewed annually. There were draws and payments of \$796,513 during the year and no balance was outstanding at fiscal year-end.

NOTE 8 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

As of June 30, 2019, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

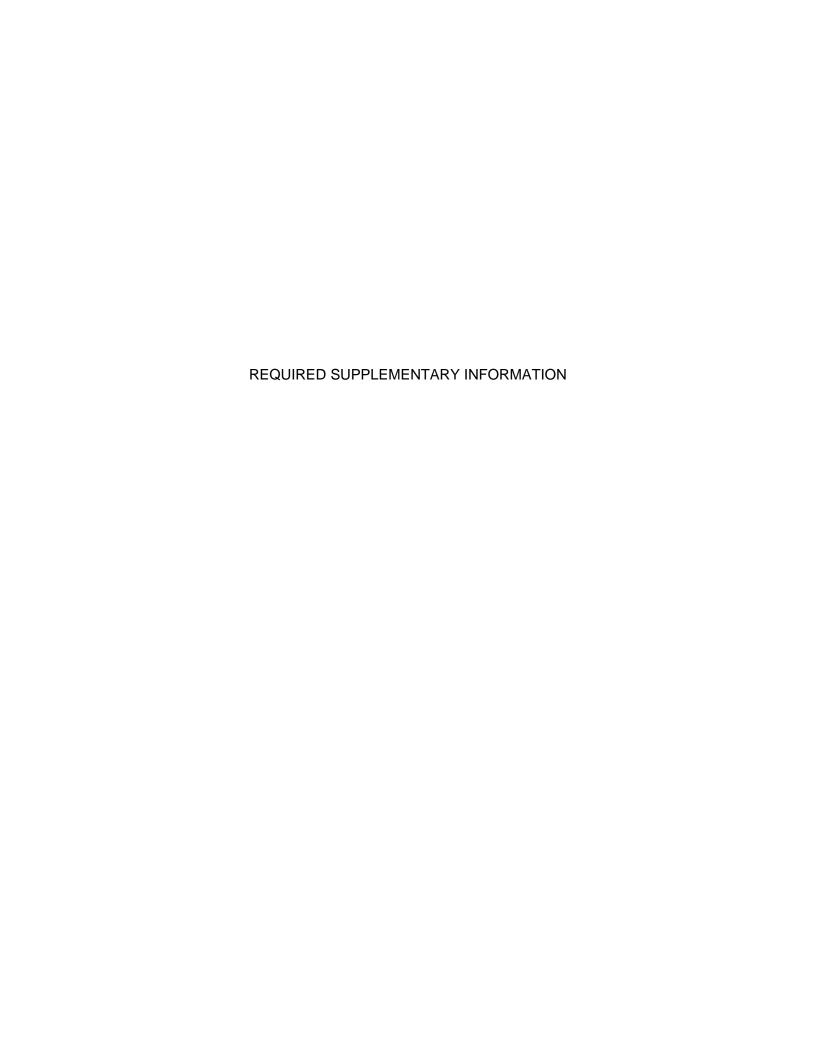
	R	Payable	
Fund		Amount	 Amount
General	\$	1,849,222	\$ -
Capital Project		1,524,247	-
Transport Services			3,373,469
Total	\$	3,373,469	\$ 3,373,469

The outstanding balance in the Transport Services fund is for administrative costs that are allocated from the other two funds. This is a long term payable and will be paid back gradually.

NOTE 9 RESTATEMENT

Prior to the year ended June 30, 2019, the net OPEB asset and liability related to ASRS had not been recorded due to the relative insignificance compared to the financial statements. However, during the year ended June 30, 2019, the ending net OPEB asset, liability, and related deferrals are now material to the financial statements. The District has now implemented GASB 75 for the ASRS pension liability resulting in a restatement of the prior period for the Governmental and Proprietary net position as follows:

Net Position as previously reported at June 30, 2018	Governmental \$ (3,425,598)	Proprietary \$ (2,377,034)
Prior period adjustment - implementation of GASB 75:		
Net OPEB liability (measurement date as of June 30, 2017)	(3,241)	(3,189)
Net OPEB asset (measurement date as of June 30, 2017)	4,920	4,841
Deferred outflows - contributions made during fiscal year 2018	3,848	7,462
Deferred inflows - resources related to OPEB	(6,031)	(5,934)
Total prior period adjustment	(504)	3,180
Net position as restated, July 1, 2018	\$ (3,426,102)	\$ (2,373,854)



SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COST-SHARING PENSION PLAN June 30, 2019

Arizona Retirement System - Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)												
		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2010		
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.018847%		0.017672%		0.014244%		0.008618%		0.007864%	Information		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,628,912	\$	2,752,642	\$	2,298,479	\$	1,342,452	\$	1,163,628	not available		
District's covered payroll	\$	1,873,367	\$	1,883,073	\$	1,320,736	\$	794,540	\$	708,897			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	Ψ	.,0.0,00.	*	.,000,0.0	Ψ	.,020,.00	Ψ	,	Ψ	. 55,55.			
as a percentage of its covered payroll		140.33%		146.18%		174.03%		168.96%		164.15%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total		140.0070		140.1070		174.0070		100.0070		104.1070			
pension liability		73.40%		69.92%		67.06%		68.35%		69.49%			
Arizona Retirement System - Health insurance premium beneft													
										surement Date)	2017		
								2019		2018	through		
								(2018)		(2017)	2010		
District's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)								0.019206%		0.017931%	Information		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)							\$	(6,917)	\$	(9,761)	not available		
District's covered payroll							\$	1,873,367	\$	1,883,073	not available		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)							Ψ	1,070,007	Ψ	1,000,070			
as a percentage of its covered payroll								-0.37%		-0.52%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total								-0.37 /6		-0.52 /6			
OPEB (asset)								102.20%		103.57%			
Arizona Retirement System - Long-term disability								F	Renoi	rting Fiscal Year			
This state of the									•	surement Date)			
									(2017		
								2019		2018	through		
								(2018)		(2017)	2010		
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability								0.018888%		0.015757%	Information		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability							\$	9,870	\$	6,430	not available		
District's covered payroll							\$	1,873,367	\$	1,883,073	not available		
District's covered payron District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability							Ψ	1,073,307	Ψ	1,003,073			
as a percentage of its covered payroll								0.53%		0.34%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total								0.55%		0.34%			
OPEB liability								77.83%		84.44%			

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AGENT PENSION PLAN June 30, 2019

SPRS - Pension		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)												
		2019 (2018)		2018 (2017)		2017 (2016)		2016 (2015)		2015 (2014)	2014 through 2010			
Total pension liability		, ,		,		,		,						
Service cost	\$	1,442,576	\$	1,504,412	\$	1,309,752	\$	1,093,722	\$	1,174,458	Information			
Interest on the total pension liability		3,552,503		3,210,772		2,749,545		2,431,989		2,152,709	not available			
Changes on benefit terms		-		354,150		3,751,261		-		181,548				
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability		561,965		(90,813)		(750,533)		1,088,291		(1,010,683)				
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		561,965		1,524,131		1,655,851		1,000,291		1,793,216				
Benefit payments, including refunds		_		1,324,131		1,000,001		_		1,793,210				
of employee contributions		(1,130,876)		(1,419,571)		(638,368)		(715,052)		(671,310)				
Net change in total pension liability		4,426,168		5,083,081		8,077,508		3,898,950		3,619,938				
Total pension liability - beginning		47,850,953		42,767,872		34,690,364		30,791,414		27,171,476				
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	52,277,121	\$	47,850,953	\$	42,767,872	\$	34,690,364	\$	30,791,414				
Plan fiduciary net position														
Contributions - employer	\$	1,886,507	\$	1,447,386	\$	1,583,372	\$	1,015,424	\$	993,529				
Contributions - employee		650,638		778,888		838,526		790,270		607,581				
Net investment income		2,134,046		3,185,780		148,850		857,371		2,659,653				
Benefit payments, including refunds														
of employee contributions		(1,130,876)		(1,419,571)		(638,368)		(715,052)		(671,310)				
Hall/Parker Settlement		(1,014,363)		-		-		-		-				
Administrative expense		(33,180)		(28,589)		(21,819)		(21,306)		(21,594)				
Other changes	-	358		336		36,564		(17,818)		(205,504)				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		2,493,130		3,964,230		1,947,125		1,908,889		3,362,355				
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		30,747,063	_	26,782,833		24,835,708		22,926,819		19,564,464				
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	33,240,193	\$	30,747,063	\$	26,782,833	\$	24,835,708	\$	22,926,819				
District's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	19,036,928	\$	17,103,890	\$	15,985,039	\$	9,854,656	\$	7,864,595				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		63.58%		64.26%		62.62%		71.59%		74.46%				
Covered payroll	\$	6,684,780	\$	6,677,374	\$	6,948,284	\$	6,715,243	\$	5,794,921				
District's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		284.78%		256.15%		230.06%		146.75%		135.72%				

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AGENT PENSION PLAN (Continued) June 30, 2019

PSPRS - Health insurance premium benefit		Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)							
		2019 (2018)			2017 through 2010				
Total pension liability		` '							
Service cost	\$	19,386	\$	18,697	Information				
Interest on the total pension liability		70,381		67,706	not available				
Changes on benefit terms		-		7,535					
Differences between expected and actual experience									
in the measurement of the pension liability		(38,179)		1,374					
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		-		(32,213)					
Benefit payments, including refunds									
of employee contributions		(16,981)		(13,205)					
Net change in total pension liability		34,607		49,894					
Total pension liability - beginning		949,890		899,996					
Total pension liability - ending (a)		984,497	\$	949,890					
Plan fiduciary net position	·	_		_					
Contributions - employer	\$	11,386	\$	20,209					
Contributions - employee	·	-	,	-					
Net investment income		61,918		93,605					
Benefit payments, including refunds		- ,		,					
of employee contributions		(16,981)		(13,205)					
Administrative expense		(942)		(828)					
Other changes		-		-					
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		55,381		99,781					
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		890,981		791,200					
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	946,362	\$	890,981					
District's net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	38,135	\$	58,909					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the									
total pension liability		96.13%		93.80%					
Covered payroll	\$	6,684,780	\$	6,677,374					
District's net pension liability as a percentage									
of covered payroll		0.57%		0.88%					

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2019

ASRS - Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year												
	,	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013 through 2010
Statutorily required contribution District's contributions in relation to the	\$	236,377	\$	204,197	\$	202,995	\$	143,300	\$	86,446	\$	75,852	Information not available
statutorily required contribution		236,377		204,197		202,995		143,300		86,446		75,852	not available
District's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
District's covered payroll District's contributions as a percentage of	\$	2,114,281	\$	1,873,367	\$	1,883,073	\$	1,320,736	\$	794,540	\$	708,897	
covered payroll		11.18%		10.90%		10.78%		10.85%		10.88%		10.70%	
ASRS - Health insurance premium benefit	Reporting Fiscal Year										al Year		
								2019	,	2018		2017	2016 through 2010
Statutorily required contribution District's contributions in relation to the							\$	9,726	\$	8,294	\$	10,545	Information not available
statutorily required contribution		9,726		8,294		10,545	not available						
District's contribution deficiency (excess)							\$	-	\$	-	\$		
District's covered payroll District's contributions as a percentage of							\$	2,114,281	\$	1,873,367	\$	1,883,073	
covered payroll								0.46%		0.44%		0.56%	
ASRS - Long-term disability										Reporting	Fisca	al Year	
								2019		2018		2017	2016 through 2010
Statutorily required contribution District's contributions in relation to the							\$	3,383	\$	3,016	\$	2,636	Information not available
statutorily required contribution								3,383		3,016		2,636	not available
District's contribution deficiency (excess)							\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$		
District's covered payroll District's contributions as a percentage of							\$	2,114,281	\$	1,873,367	\$	1,883,073	
covered payroll								0.16%		0.16%		0.14%	

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS (Continued) June 30, 2019

PSPRS - Pension	Reporting Fiscal Year												
		2019		2018		2017		2016	,	2015		2014	2013 through 2010
Actuarially determined contribution District's contributions in relation to the	\$	1,990,633	\$	1,886,507	\$	1,447,386	\$	1,583,372	\$	1,015,424	\$	993,529	Information not available
actuarially determined contribution		1,990,633		1,886,507		1,447,386		1,583,372		993,529		902,497	not available
District's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	21,895	\$	91,032	
District's covered payroll District's contributions as a percentage of	\$	7,096,731	\$	6,684,780	\$	6,677,374	\$	6,948,284	\$	6,715,243	\$	5,794,921	
covered payroll		28.05%		28.22%		21.68%		22.79%		14.80%		15.57%	
PSPRS - Health insurance premium benefit	PSPRS - Health insurance premium benefit				Reporting Fiscal Year								
								2019		2018		2017	2016 through 2010
Actuarially determined contribution District's contributions in relation to the							\$	22,710	\$	11,386	\$	20,209	Information not available
actuarially determined contribution								22,710		11,386		20,209	
actuarially determined contribution District's contribution deficiency (excess)							\$	22,710 -	\$	11,386 <u>-</u>	\$	20,209	
·							\$		\$	11,386	\$	- 6,677,374	

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT NOTES TO PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percent-of-pay, closed

Remaining amortization period as 19 years for underfunded of the 2017 actuarial valuation 20 years for overfunded

Asset valuation method
Actuarial assumptions:
Investment rate of return

7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor

PSPRS members with initial membership date before July 1,2017:

In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85% to 7.5%. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased

from 8% to 7.85%.

Projected salary increases In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increase were

decreased from 4.0%-8.0% to 3.5%-7.5% for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 4.5%-8.5% to 4.0%-8.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from 5.0%-9.0% to 4.5%-

8.5% for PSPRS.

Wage growth In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to

3.5% for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility

condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period July 1, 2006-June 30, 2011.

Mortality In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of

MP-2016 fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table

(adjusted by 105% for both males and females)

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT NOTES TO PENSION PLAN SCHEDULES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 2 FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. Also, the District refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the District to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the District's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget- Positive
REVENUES	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	(Negative)
Taxes	\$ 12,538,495	\$ 12,538,495	\$ 12,609,434	\$ 70,939
Centrally assessed taxes	377,000	377,000	371,492	(5,508)
Insurance premiums	100,000	100,000	121,709	21,709
County aid	400,000	400,000	400,000	-
Charges for services	443,800	443,800	873,376	429,576
Grants	-	-	102,222	102,222
Interest revenues	10,000	10,000	40,307	30,307
Other income	10,000	10,000	2,694	(7,306)
Total revenues	13,879,295	13,879,295	14,521,234	641,939
EXPENDITURES Current				
Administration	4,349,219	4,349,219	1,841,653	2,507,566
Technical Services	570,905	570,905	722,177	(151,272)
Communication Services	178,250	178,250	181,620	(3,370)
Emergency Services	10,275,618	10,275,618	10,812,433	(536,815)
Community Services	89,233	89,233	93,951	(4,718)
Total expenditures	15,463,225	15,463,225	13,651,834	1,811,391
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(1,583,930)	(1,583,930)	869,400	2,453,330
Net change in fund balances	(1,583,930)	(1,583,930)	869,400	2,453,330
Fund balance-beginning of year	2,669,675	2,669,675	2,669,675	-
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 1,085,745	\$ 1,085,745	\$ 3,539,075	\$ 2,453,330



SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES	 Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final	Act	ual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget- Positive Negative)	
	 og					(g)		
Taxes Investment income	\$ 994,654 4,000	\$	994,654 4,000	\$	996,752 14,202	\$	2,098 10,202	
Total revenues	998,654		998,654		1,010,954		12,300	
EXPENDITURES								
Carryover funds Capital outlay Debt service	375,232 486,857		375,232 486,857		17 1,181,177		375,215 (694,320)	
Principal Interest and fiscal charges	<u>-</u>		- -	- 96,4 - 31,9			(96,415) (31,939)	
Total expenditures	 862,089		862,089		1,309,548		(447,459)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	136,565		136,565		(298,594)		(435,159)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers out	(201,366)		(201,366)				201,366	
Net change in fund balances	(64,801)		(64,801)		(298,594)		(233,793)	
Fund balance-beginning of year	2,540,717		2,540,717		2,540,717			
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 2,475,916	\$	2,475,916	\$	2,242,123	\$	(233,793)	

SUPERSTITION FIRE & MEDICAL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NON-MAJOR FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2019

REVENUES	 Budgeted Original	l Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts			Variance with Final Budget- Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	Original		ı ıııaı	Acit	al Amounts		ivegative)		
Property Taxes Centrally assessed taxes Grants Investment income Other income	\$ 694,518 20,880 283,687 3,000 26,600	\$	694,518 20,880 283,687 3,000 26,600	\$	697,520 20,574 36,000 19,734 9,980	\$	3,002 (306) (247,687) 16,734 (16,620)		
Total revenues	1,028,685		1,028,685		783,808		(244,877)		
EXPENDITURES Current Administration Capital outlay	158 365,555		158 365,555		12 48,414		146 317,141		
Debt Service: Principal Interest and other charges Bond issuance costs	485,000 474,975 -		485,000 474,975 -		554,256 161,450 95,417		(69,256) 313,525 (95,417)		
Total expenditures	1,325,688		1,325,688		859,549		466,139		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 (297,003)		(297,003)		(75,741)		221,262		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Refunding bonds issued Transfers in	 - - 26,218		- - 26,218		(5,355,000) 5,471,000 -		(5,355,000) 5,471,000 (26,218)		
Total other financing sources	26,218		26,218		116,000		89,782		
Net change in fund balances	(270,785)		(270,785)		40,259		311,044		
Fund balance - beginning of year	15,731		15,731		295,016		279,285		
Fund balance - end of year	\$ (255,054)	\$	(255,054)	\$	335,275	\$	590,329		





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT **AUDITING STANDARDS**

To the Board of Directors Superstition Fire & Medical District Apache Junction, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the remaining fund information of Superstition Fire & Medical District, Arizona, (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Superstition Fire & Medical District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Superstition Fire & Medical District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Superstition Fire & Medical District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Superstition Fire & Medical District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Superstition Fire & Medical District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Report on Compliance with State of Arizona Regulatory Requirements

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Superstition Fire & Medical District incurred any debt or liability in excess of taxes levied and to be collected and the monies actually available and unencumbered at that time in the District's General Fund, except for those liabilities as prescribed in A.R.S. section 48-805, subsection B, paragraph 2 and sections 48-806 and 48-807, or that the District failed to comply with A.R.S. section 48-805.02, subsection F. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. This report is supplemental reporting as required by Arizona statutes intended solely for the information and use of management and the members of the Arizona State Legislature and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Tempe, Arizona January 6, 2020

Henry + Home LDP